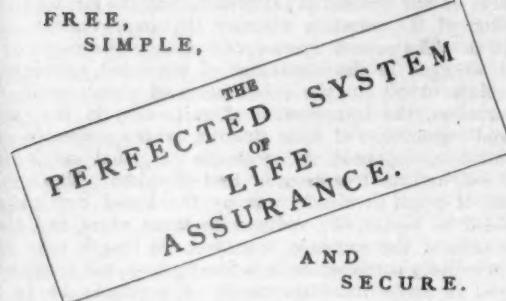


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LONDON, OCTOBER 7, 1893.

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CURRENT TOPICS.

THE PROGRAMME of the Manchester meeting of the Incorporated Law Society will be found elsewhere. There are the usual features of a banquet and a ball, and it may be anticipated that the Manchester solicitors will shew all their wonted hospitality. This year, however, the interest centres on the immediately pressing matter of the Land Transfer Bill. It is fortunate that the papers to be read on the question are by the best men who could be suggested to deal with the matter. First of all Mr. B. G. LAKE—to whom, by the way, we hope some tribute will be paid for his admirably skilful and indefatigable parliamentary generalship during the recent session—has a paper on the Bill; then Mr. ELLIOTT contributes a consideration of "Some popular fallacies about land transfer," and we anticipate much from his power of clear and forcible exposition. Mr. HUMFRYS will deal with the practical side of the question in "Some Experiences of American Conveyancing," and Mr. HOWLETT will discuss "The Lord Chancellor and local land registration." We

need hardly, perhaps, again point out the importance which will attach to the utterances and resolutions on the subject; the main fight on the Bill will come on in the ensuing autumn session, and it is essential that the profession should in the interval, not only take the opportunity of exposing to the public the evils which the Bill will entail, but should also express their determination to use every means for averting them.

THERE CAN, of course, be only one opinion as to the qualifications of the eminent persons who have been appointed to inquire into and report upon the recent disturbances and loss of life at Featherstone, but some very serious considerations suggest themselves as to the propriety of appointing such a commission. The main question the commissioners will have to decide is whether the homicide was or was not justifiable. So far as we can see, they will have no power to take evidence on oath. In the case of the commission on the Belfast riots power was expressly given to the commissioners by Act of Parliament (50 Vict. c. 4) to examine witnesses on oath, and penalties were expressly enacted for wilfully giving false evidence. In the present case, where no such statutory provisions have been made, the function of the commissioners will practically be to report to the Secretary of State whether there is or is not a *prima facie* case for a prosecution of the officer who gave the order to fire. If they report that there is no such case, well and good; everyone will then be satisfied. But supposing they find themselves compelled on the unsworn evidence to report that the homicide was unjustifiable, will not the Government be obliged to prosecute the officer? And in that case how can the prisoner have a fair trial? If the proceedings before the commission are reported, the jury will have read in the newspapers the unsworn testimony, and let the judge do what he will, he will be unable to get it out of their minds. If the evidence given before the commissioners is not reported in the papers, still the fact that an eminent judge, a leading solicitor, and a Queen's counsel have found that the homicide was unjustifiable will necessarily give rise to a most unfair and improper bias against the prisoner. The eminence of the commissioners constitutes one main objection to the inquiry. If it had been a mere investigation in the ordinary course by the Public Prosecutor no one would have thought anything of a conclusion arrived at against the person who gave the order to fire; but when the matter is placed in the hands of eminent persons, headed by a Lord of Appeal, and is invested with the pomp of a commission, the utmost importance will be attached to their finding, and there will be little consideration by the public of the materials on which the commissioners will have to base their conclusions. Surely in this matter of appointing commissions to report on matters which may be brought before criminal courts we are drifting very far from the old notions of justice. What would have been said, say twenty years ago, to the appointment of a learned judge to pre-judge on unsworn testimony and report whether a man had been guilty of murder?

NOT THE LEAST interesting episode in a recent prosecution was the discussion, to which it gave rise, as to the limits of the right of "summing up" under Denman's Act, 1865. It is unnecessary to dwell upon the circumstances which provoked that discussion. The material point for the consideration of lawyers is the undoubted fact that the privilege conferred by Denman's Act on prosecuting counsel is being, if it has not already been, converted into something very different from what was intended by the Parliament which passed it. The 2nd section of this important statute (28 & 29 Vict. c. 18) provides, in substance, that where a prisoner defended by counsel calls no evidence on his own behalf, counsel for the prosecution shall be allowed at the close of his case to address the jury a second time *for the purpose of summing up* the evidence against the accused. It is notorious that the object of this enactment was to permit of doubts, difficulties, or apparent contradictions in the case for the prosecution being explained before the jury were addressed by counsel for the defence. The words used—"shall be allowed" and "for the purpose of summing up"—clearly indicate what

every student of legal history knows to have been the intention of the Legislature—viz., (1) that the power which it was granting should be sparingly employed, and (2) that the summing up at the close of a prosecution should be a temperate and *quasi-judicial* presentment of the facts of the case, on which a verdict of guilty was demanded, freed from any incidental obscurities which might have arisen in its progress. The authorities are as distinct on this point as are the history and construction of the statute. When first it came into operation prosecuting counsel naturally felt some preliminary difficulty in exercising their new functions according to the true intent and meaning of the Act; and comments on the fact that a prisoner had called no witnesses (*Reg. v. Rudland*, 4 F. & F. 495) and observations to the effect that if the jury acquitted a prisoner they would blast the character of a prosecutrix (*Reg. v. Rudland, ubi suprd*) or impliedly convict her of perjury (*Reg. v. Puddick, Ib. 497*) were not uncommon. But the judges steadfastly set their faces against the interpretation of the 2nd section of Denman's Act which such statements involved (*cf. Reg. v. Glass*, 4 F. & F. 492 n (b); *Reg. v. Rudland, Ib. 495*; and *Reg. v. Puddick, Ib. 497*), and after the memorable charge of Lord BLACKBURN in the case of *Reg. v. Holchester* (10 Cox, C. C. 226) the matter appears to have been settled for the time. In recent years, however, the evil has again arisen, and it has now reached dimensions which render it eminently desirable that we should know definitely whether judicial opinion on the subject has changed with forensic practice.

MR. H. M. HUMPHREY contributes a lively article to the current number of the *Law Quarterly Review* with reference to the ordinary dilatoriness of litigation. It is suggested by a passage from the judgment of BARNEs, J., in *The Alps*, a passage which Mr. HUMPHREY complains is omitted from the report in the *Law Reports* (1893, P. 109), though it is to be found elsewhere (41 W. R. 527). But there is no great mystery, either in the procedure adopted or in the speed with which that case was heard and determined. R. S. C., 1883, ord. 34, r. 2, provides that "if it appear to the court or a judge that there is in any cause or matter a question of law, which it would be convenient to have decided before any evidence is given or any question or issue of fact is tried, . . . the court or judge may make an order accordingly, and may direct such question of law to be raised for the opinion of the court, either by special case or in such other manner as the court or judge may deem expedient." *The Alps* was a claim under a policy of marine insurance, in which the facts were not in dispute, and BARNEs, J., made an order, under the above rule, that the question of law—whether, upon the facts stated in an average statement and certain documents therein referred to, the plaintiffs were entitled to recover any and what sum from the defendants—should be tried without a special case. The result was that the trial took place in about ten days after the issue of the writ. The case shews what can be done under the existing rules, but it is quite a mistake to suppose, as Mr. HUMPHREY appears to do, that it is largely due to the improper use of the rules that the majority of cases are not conducted with equal celerity. "There is not," he says, "sufficient anxiety either on the part of barristers or of solicitors to conduct the action with the least possible delay and at the least possible cost." This is a serious charge to make, and we believe it to be quite unfounded. The peculiarity of the above case was that the facts were not in dispute, the point at issue was clear, and there was a judge willing and able to put the action in his list directly it was ready for trial. Where these conditions are satisfied litigation can go on with equal celerity in the Chancery and in the Queen's Bench Divisions. In most cases some little time is required to agree upon the facts, where this can be done, and to settle the precise point at issue, and for this purpose pleadings are, in general, useful. But the main difficulty is to find a judge who can hear the case directly it is ripe for trial. Mr. HUMPHREY wittily pictures Mr. Justice BARNEs attracting the business alike of the Chancery and the Queen's Bench Divisions to his court, and carrying through the whole by the new process of the "happy despatch." The article is excellent reading, but it mistakes the real difficulty of the case. The delay of litigation is certainly not due to the desire of barristers and solicitors to multiply fees and swell costs

at the expense of their clients, nor greatly, we imagine, to the defects of the rules of procedure. It will be speedy enough so soon as courts are prepared to deal with cases as they arise, and not to plod on laboriously in overtaking arrears.

THE CURRENT NUMBER of the *Nineteenth Century* contains an interesting article by Mr. MONTAGUE CRACKANTHORPE, Q.C., entitled "New Ways with Old Offenders." The first part gives an outline of our present penal system, and the second attempts a solution of the question whether any improvements can be made in it. The present system, of course, is the result of quite modern changes in the treatment of convicted prisoners, and these relate chiefly to the substitution of penal servitude for transportation, the introduction of uniformity in the management and regulations of local prisons, where sentences of imprisonment as opposed to sentences of penal servitude are carried out, and the treatment of first offenders. The minimum sentence of penal servitude was by the Penal Servitude Act, 1891 (54 & 55 Vict. c. 69), reduced to three years, and the first nine months of the sentence, whatever its length may be, are spent in solitary confinement in a local prison, the convict being employed in some industrial work. Afterwards he is transferred to Portland or some other of the convict establishments where he labours in restricted association with other convicts. By good conduct he may obtain a remission of one-fourth of the whole term, and this remission, if earned, is a matter of right, not of grace. Imprisonment with hard labour is at the outset a more severe ordeal. It is divided into four stages. In the first the prisoner sleeps on a plank bed, without a mattress, every night in the week, and spends six or eight hours a day, according to his strength, in turning a hand-crank or in treading a wheel. This is called "first class hard labour," and was defined, says Mr. CRACKANTHORPE, thirty years ago by a committee of medical experts as "labour that visibly quickens the breath and opens the pores," an excellent result when attained voluntarily and by other means. This labour is never undergone by a convict sentenced to penal servitude, unless he is punished specially for a prison offence. The duration of the first stage of imprisonment depends on the number of marks which the prisoner earns a day. He has to earn 224 altogether, and he cannot earn more than eight a day, so that the stage lasts for twenty-eight days at least. In the second and third stages the plank bed is gradually replaced by a mattress, and the labour is less exacting. These are passed, like the first, by obtaining a certain number of marks; and in the fourth the prisoner is quite absolved from the plank bed, and he has some liberty to write and receive letters and see his friends. The dietary of the prisoner remains the same during all the four stages, but varies as between prisoner and convict. There are four classes, the worst being known as No. 1, the best as No. 4. Here again, the prisoner sentenced to penal servitude has an advantage. He is placed on diet No. 4 on his reception into the prison, and this is maintained throughout his term. The present uniformity in prison management and discipline was attained, as Mr. CRACKANTHORPE points out, by the Prison Acts, 1865 and 1877. Formerly the local prisons belonged to local authorities, and in some instances to private persons, and they were subject to great diversities of administration. But by the Act of 1877 the whole—113 in number—were taken over by the Government. About half of them have been closed, and throughout those which remain there is absolute uniformity, not only in respect of discipline, but also of diet and clothing. As to the treatment of first offenders, Mr. CRACKANTHORPE refers to a parliamentary return for 1891 as shewing the good results of binding over the prisoner under the Probation of First Offenders Act, 1887 (50 & 51 Vict. c. 25), to appear and receive judgment when called upon. Out of 2,530 persons to whom, during the years 1888-90, the Act had been applied in the metropolitan and five large provincial police districts, only 169, or 6·6 per cent., had been called upon to appear and receive judgment, or were known to have been convicted of a fresh offence.

IN INQUIRING whether any improvements can be made in the present penal system, Mr. CRACKANTHORPE confines himself to

the three points: (1) What is the true measure of criminal punishment? (2) What weight should be given to a previous conviction when sentencing for a second offence? and (3) Can any means be devised for making sentences more uniform? The first point raises the question to what extent punishment is meant to be preventive, reformatory, or retributive. Mr. CRACKANTHORPE discards as impracticable the opinion enunciated some years ago by Sir EDWARD FRY that regard must be had primarily to the moral character of the offence, and he places retributive justice lowest in order of importance. "Ranging the factors of a criminal sentence according to their relative weights, the order appears to me to be this. Preventive justice first, reformatory justice second, and retributive justice a bad third." Doubtless this is so. It is enough for criminal courts to attempt to check the actual ills from which society suffers without punishing the criminal for the sake of inflicting suffering on him in return. "Retributive justice is only admitted in aid of reformatory justice—when, for instance, the circumstances of aggravation are such as to shew that a longer time than usual must elapse before the criminal is brought to a sense of his crime, and before the reformatory process can set in. It should never fill the first place in the mind of the judge when he is considering the length of the sentence." All this, however, is largely a matter of opinion, and opinion, as Mr. CRACKANTHORPE points out, is equally divided as to the weight to be given to a previous conviction. It may be disregarded altogether, and the crime considered solely by itself; it may be made the ground of a great increase in the sentence over what would be awarded to a first offender; or it may be treated upon the principle apparently adopted by Mr. Justice HAWKINS—viz., to allow first offenders a rebate from the normal punishment for the offence, but to deny this rebate to second offenders. Both these points lead up to the practical issue in the matter: Can any means be devised for making sentences more uniform? One such contrivance is the court for the review of criminal sentences advocated by the Council of Judges, but to this Mr. CRACKANTHORPE objects, *inter alia*, that it would be hopelessly divided against itself, since no two of its members would be agreed on the principles applicable to first sentences; still less on those applicable to second or third sentences. And he proposes instead an authoritative enunciation of some general rules, leaving the application in each case to judicial common sense. For this purpose he desires the appointment of a Royal Commission, not composed wholly of judges, their recommendations to be circulated by the Home Office throughout the country. But is not this the very same result that would follow from the institution of the proposed Court of Criminal Appeal? Its members might in the first instance be divided in opinion, but it would be the business of the court by successive decisions to discover the true solution of the questions involved in sentencing criminals, and probably in this manner we should gradually arrive at some general principles more satisfactorily than if the business were settled off hand by a commission.

#### THE BOARD OF TRADE AND THE WORKING OF THE BANKRUPTCY ACTS.

##### I.

THE tenth annual report of the Board of Trade on the above subject which has recently been issued does not differ very materially from its nine predecessors, and the various criticisms which have from time to time appeared thereon may in a great measure be repeated. First, there is a short report by Sir COURtenay BOYLE, the permanent secretary to the board, the principal feature of which is the account of receipts and expenditure on account of bankruptcy proceedings during the year ended the 31st of March, 1893. This shews a total of receipts amounting to £153,081 6s. 1d. against expenditure £165,399 18s. 10d., and in addition thereto costs of bankruptcy prosecutions and pensions and compensations before the 1st of January, 1884, £10,560 19s. 11d. making a total of £175,960 18s. 9d., leaving a deficiency of £22,879 12s. 8d., to meet which our old friend "Dividends which would have arisen on stock transferred to the National Debt Commissioners and cancelled under the Courts of Justice (Salaries and Funds) Act,

1869, if such stock had not been cancelled" amounting (after deducting income tax) to £38,072 4s. 9d. is again requisitioned into service, so making an apparent surplus of £15,192 12s. 1d. It may be interesting to know that the present permanent secretary to the board entirely agrees with the view expressed by his predecessor with regard to the inclusion of the disputed item of dividends on cancelled stock in the calculation of receipts, though this fact we apprehend will scarcely be accepted as conclusive upon the point or even as contributing materially to a solution of the controversy.

Then follows the usual lengthy report by Mr. JOHN SMITH, the Inspector-General, which, with its various "tables," occupies fifty-three pages of print, but which, so far as it deals with questions of professional interest, may very well be condensed into as many lines. Dealing first with the amount of insolvency, he shews that there has been an increase in the number of receiving orders of 419 (viz., 4,635 as against 4,216) and in deeds of arrangement of 325 (viz., 3,333 as against 3,008) over the previous year, with an aggregate *increase* in liabilities of £200,090 and £864,574 respectively, but in assets an aggregate *decrease* of £74,026 and £169,440 respectively. A good deal may be argued from these figures both ways (for cannot figures be made to prove anything?), but of course the official advocate of the Board of Trade only sees through official glasses, and, ignoring—what is patent to every one else who has any practical experience—that fully one-third of failures in the country never obtain any publicity at all but are dealt with *absolutely* privately, he deduces conclusions upon the soundness of affairs generally as compared with the state of affairs prior to the advent of present day officialism, which are, to say the least of it, wholly illusory.

Taking next the "Character of Insolvency," he occupies about seven pages in giving some particulars of the various failures which have occurred in the High Court during 1892 with unsecured liabilities over £20,000, which might be interesting to some story writer in search of material, but will hardly repay the perusal of the professional student. After some remarks on the causes of insolvency and an attempt at the classification of them, he next proceeds to draw a "Contrast Between Bankruptcy and Deeds of Arrangement," and his remarks upon this subject are of sufficient importance to quote at length. He says:—"It has frequently been urged as a ground of objection against the present system of bankruptcy administration, by the professional advocates of deed of arrangement, that it is the worst class of cases which comes under its operation, creditors and debtors alike agreeing to avoid it and to adopt private arrangements in cases where the failure is due to misfortune, and where such failure takes place while the debtor is yet possessed of substantial assets. But even if this view of the facts be admitted (and there is in the illustrations I have furnished much to support it, so far as bankruptcy is concerned) it is difficult to see how it forms a basis of objection to the bankruptcy system, or how the interests of creditors or of the trading community will be secured by the course which is sometimes advocated of increasing the facilities for avoiding the provisions of the Bankruptcy Act against fraudulent and reckless trading. On the other hand it may fairly be asked, whether it is such debtors as the great majority of those whose cases are included on the preceding pages for whom an escape from the Bankruptcy Court is sought by increasing the facilities for the adoption of private arrangements. If it could be shewn that there was a large number of unfortunate debtors who would have paid their creditors a substantial composition, had they been allowed to liquidate under the Deeds of Arrangement Act, but who were prevented from doing so by the unreasonable action of some of their creditors, the case might to some extent be different; but no attempt has ever been made to shew that such is the case, and the actual facts prove the contrary. Under these circumstances the attempt to break down the bankruptcy system, by substituting private arrangements in such cases as those to which I have referred, would only, if successful, encourage fraud by weakening the forces at present arrayed against it."

Now, it appears to us that in these remarks the Inspector-General entirely misapprehends the point at issue, or what it is that "professional advocates of deeds of arrangement" sug-

gest. There is no desire, so far as we are aware, on the part of any member of the legal profession, at any rate, to interfere with the provisions of the Bankruptcy Acts as directed to the punishment and prevention of fraud; but what is said, and, in our opinion, said with much truth and force, is, that in cases where the great majority in number and value of creditors desire to keep an estate out of bankruptcy, or to accept a reasonable composition, there should be some provision whereby they can do so, and not be thwarted in their desires in this respect by the action of small creditors who oppose with the object of obtaining a preference for themselves over the bulk of the creditors, and who must, therefore, be bought out at the expense of the other creditors in order to keep the estate out of bankruptcy. That many such cases do constantly occur there cannot be any doubt, though as a matter of course they do not come to the surface or within the cognizance of the Board of Trade, and we cannot see why more facilities should not be given to creditors in this respect without detracting from the provisions of the Act in regard to fraud.

## REVIEWS.

### BOOKS RECEIVED.

**The Law Quarterly Review**—October, 1893. Edited by Sir FREDERICK POLLOCK, Bart., M.A., LL.D. Stevens & Sons (Limited).

**Parochial Self-Government in Rural Districts: Argument and Plan.** By HENRY C. STEPHENS, M.P. Second Edition. Longmans, Green, & Co.

**The Intermediate Law Examination Made Easy.** A Complete Guide to Self-preparation in the 11th Edition of Mr. Sergeant Stephen's New Commentaries on the Laws of England (excluding Books IV. and VI.), being the Subject Selected for the Intermediate Examinations of the Law Society. By ALBERT GIBSON. Ninth Edition. By the AUTHOR and ARTHUR WELDON, Solicitors. *Law Notes* Office.

## CASES OF THE WEEK.

### Before the Vacation Judge.

**BILSBOROUGH v. HARVEY**—4th October.

**PRACTICE—CONTEMPT OF COURT—DISTRESS—RECEIVER—RECEIVER'S POSSESSION.**

This was a motion by the defendant that the Forest Hill Brewery Co. (Limited), its directors or officers, or the directors or secretary authorizing a distress, might be committed to prison for a contempt of court in distressing upon certain goods and chattels upon premises in possession of the defendant as receiver appointed by an order dated October 28, 1892, and that the company, its servants and agents, might be restrained from taking any further proceedings under the distress upon the said goods and chattels in possession of the defendant as such receiver as aforesaid, and from continuing in possession of the said premises. The defendant stated in his affidavit that he had been appointed by the above order receiver and manager to collect and get in and receive the debts then due and outstanding and other assets and property and effects belonging to an off-licensed wine and spirit and beer business, comprised in an indenture dated December 7, 1891, and that he was in occupation of the business and premises. The affidavit went on to say that the company, as the lessors of the premises, put in a distress upon property covered by the receivership order for £30, alleging the same to be for three quarters' rent due on June 24, 1893; that he produced the office copy of the order when the bailiff entered, and that the bailiff replied that the landlord (the company) "must stand the racket of that"; and that there was no rent due to the landlord, but, on the contrary, the company was indebted to the defendant, as receiver, in a much larger amount. The secretary of the company made an affidavit, in which he said that the company were not parties to the indenture of December 7, 1891; that by an indenture of lease of July 29, 1886, the company leased the premises in question and the trade fixtures and fittings to one Lester for twenty-one years, and that the lease was assigned to the defendant by deed dated July 4, 1888. The affidavit of the secretary further stated that the defendant was adjudged bankrupt, and the official receiver, as trustee of the bankrupt, had disclaimed the lease, but the defendant still remained in possession; that the sum of £30 was due to the company for rent of the premises to June 24, 1893, and was still unsatisfied. The question was whether, in these circumstances, the landlord was bound to come to the court for leave before he distrained.

KENNEDY, J., ordered the landlord to withdraw and to pay the costs of the application; the receiver to sell the goods on the premises at the date of the distress, and to pay into court a sufficient amount to satisfy the amount of the rent due, and to abide further order. His lordship said: This is an application to commit the landlord of certain premises for

contempt of court. In the circumstances I should not make an order for committal. I should, however, find it impossible to believe that the landlord had no notice of the order of the court. The proper course for the landlord would have been to have issued the warrant of distress with instructions not to proceed further without the leave of the court. Therefore, the landlord must withdraw from the premises and pay the costs of this application. As to the rent, it seems not to be disputed that a certain amount was due. I could not direct the receiver to pay the amount to the landlord, because to do that would be to give the landlord the full advantage of that which I think the landlord was not entitled to do. Therefore, I must order the landlord to withdraw and to pay the costs of the application; the receiver to retain the amount claimed for rent and to pay it into court.—COUNSEL, Winslow & Pattison; Morton W. Smith. SOLICITORS, J. Greenfield; Baker, Blakes, & Hawes.

[Reported by V. DE S. FOWKE, Barrister-at-Law.]

**Re LAND CO. OF AUSTRALASIA (LIM.)**—4th October.

**COMPANY—WINDING UP—LIQUIDATOR—RECEIVER—DEBENTURE-HOLDERS' ACTION—JUDICIAL DISCRETION—JURISDICTION—ORDER OF VACATION REGISTRAR IN COMPANIES WINDING UP.**

This was a motion on behalf of the debenture-holders and shareholders of the above-named company that an order appointing Mr. James Ford, an accountant, liquidator of the above-named company, made by Mr. Registrar Brougham, sitting as Vacation Registrar for Companies Winding up on the 24th of August last, might be discharged. A debenture-holders' action had been commenced, in which Mr. Ford had been appointed receiver. In support of the motion it was said that Mr. Ford was objected to on the ground that he was too closely connected with the interests of the company and its directors, and that the debenture-holders wanted an independent person to get in the uncalled capital. A quarter of the debenture-holders in value had given an expression of opinion adverse to Mr. Ford. Nothing could be said against his personal fitness, but there was a good deal to shew that he was closely connected with the company's affairs and too directly connected with the directors and shareholders. He had been supported throughout by the directors and shareholders, and, without casting any aspersion whatever on Mr. Ford, the applicants said that they would rather have a public officer than a private individual. A public liquidation would be more beneficial to all parties than one carried on privately. On the other side it was said that the current of authority was in favour of the same person being receiver and liquidator. The registrar had made a complete order and had exercised his judicial discretion, and no ground had been shewn that that discretion was manifestly wrong. There was no such thing as a private liquidator where, as in this case, there was a winding up by the court.

KENNEDY, J., refused the motion. His lordship said: There is no doubt that some court has power to exercise a discretion in reversing the decision of the registrar. For the purposes of to-day I will assume that I have that jurisdiction, and I think I ought not to reverse the decision. No misfeasance is alleged on the part of Mr. Ford. It appears that he was originally appointed by debenture-holders. As to numbers, I should certainly not merely count heads. Here there is a want of any sufficient proof that Mr. Ford is not a good manager or that he is unduly influenced. In all the circumstances I think I ought not to reverse the decision of the registrar. The application must therefore be dismissed with costs, such costs to include the costs of parties who have been served.—COUNSEL, Arnold White; E. Ford; Marion Q.C., and Bacon; Martelli; Pattison, SOLICITORS, H. W. Reeves & Son; Daubeny & Mead, for Fox & Whittuck, Bristol; Jackson & Prince; Stanley, Woodhouse, & Huddock; West, King, & Adams.

[Reported by V. DE S. FOWKE, Barrister-at-Law.]

## LAW SOCIETIES.

### INCORPORATED LAW SOCIETY.

#### ANNUAL PROVINCIAL MEETING.

The following is the programme of the meetings:—

MONDAY, OCTOBER 9.

8 p.m.—The Right Worshipful the Lord Mayor of Manchester (Mr. Alderman Marshall) and the Lady Mayoress will receive the president, council, and members of the society, and the ladies accompanying them, at a conversazione to be held in the Town Hall. Carriages may be ordered at 10.30 o'clock.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10.

11 a.m.—The members will be welcomed in the Mayor's Parlour in the Town Hall by the Lord Mayor of Manchester. The president of the Incorporated Law Society, U.K. (Mr. F. P. Morrell, of Oxford), will deliver his inaugural address, which will be followed by the reading and discussion of papers.

1.30 to 2.30 p.m.—Adjournment for luncheon to the Grand Hotel, Aytoun-street, to which members are invited by the Manchester Incorporated Law Association. Tickets can be obtained at the inquiry office, the Memorial Hall, Albert-square.

2.30 to 4.30 p.m.—Reading and discussion of papers resumed.

7 p.m.—Banquet at the Assize Courts, Manchester. The chair will be taken by Mr. John Cooper, the president of the Manchester Incorporated Law Association. Carriages may be ordered at 10.30 o'clock.

Arrangements have been made for enabling members to visit several mills and works during the afternoon of this and the following day. It is

Oct. 7, 1893.

requested that members wishing to avail themselves of these arrangements will hand in their names at the inquiry office, in the Memorial Hall, before 11 o'clock on each day, stating which places they prefer to visit.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11.

10 a.m.—Meeting of the Solicitors' Benevolent Association, in the Mayor's Parlour, Town Hall.

11 a.m.—Reading and discussion of papers continued.

1.30 to 2.30 p.m.—Adjournment for luncheon to the Grand Hotel, to which members are invited by the Manchester Incorporated Law Association. Tickets can be obtained at the inquiry office, the Memorial Hall.

2.30 to 4.30 p.m.—Reading and discussion of papers continued. Close of the business of the meeting.

9 p.m.—Ball at Manchester Assembly Rooms, Cheetham Hill-road. Carriages may be ordered at 2.30 o'clock.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12.

On this day there will be two alternative excursions.

No. 1. The Manchester Ship Canal. A special train will leave Manchester for Latchford in the morning, where the canal cutting and locks, and the deviation bridges, will be inspected. The party will then proceed to Saltport, where a special steamer will be found to convey the party down the canal, through the Eastham locks, across the estuary of the Mersey, to the Liverpool Landing Stage. Omnibuses will meet the steamer and convey the party to Lime-street Station, where a special train will be provided for the return to Manchester. Luncheon will be provided by the Manchester Incorporated Law Association, and will be served on the steamer at Saltport. Tickets covering the above journey can be obtained at the inquiry office, price 7s. each.

No. 2. Chatsworth. A special train will leave Manchester (Central Station) in the morning for Haddon, where carriages will be provided to convey the party by the Baslow Gate to Chatsworth House. Arrangements have been made for visiting Edensor Village and Church. By the kind permission of His Grace the Duke of Devonshire, the party will have an opportunity of inspecting the house, grounds, and water display. His Grace has also most kindly stated his intention to provide luncheon in a large building in the grounds. After luncheon the party will drive through the park by the Beeley Gate to Rowsley, where a special train will be provided for the return to Manchester. Members returning to London or the South can do so direct from Rowsley by the London express, which, by special arrangement, will stop there at 5 p.m. Tickets for the above journey can be obtained at the inquiry office, price 7s. each.

The following are the papers to be read:—

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, at 11 A.M.

The proceedings will commence with the President's address, after which the following papers will be read:—

"Land Transfer: Some Popular Fallacies Considered," by Robert Elliott, of Cirencester.

"The Lord Chancellor and Local Land Registration," by J. W. Howlett, of Brighton.

"Land Transfer under a System of Compulsory Registration—Some Experiences of American Conveyancing," by W. J. Humfries, of Hereford.

"The Land Transfer Bill, 1893," by B. G. Lake, of London.

"Directors and their Responsibilities," by G. A. Fisher, of London.

"Companies Limited by Guarantee," by G. T. Powell, of London.

"Some Relics of the House Peace in Folk Law," by H. T. Crofton, of Manchester.

"The Law Relating to Parliamentary Elections," by Walter Peppercorn, Oxford.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11, at 11 A.M.

"Some Legal and other Details Relating to Local and General Inland Navigation in the United Kingdom," by John A. Read, of Manchester.

"Our Profession: Its Present-day Position and Obligations," by W. P. Fullagar, of Bolton.

"Chambers of Arbitration," by Herbert Bentwich, of London.

"Legal Reform: Unification of Civil Courts," by J. A. Bland, of Manchester.

"The Business of Law Administration," by Wm. Simpson, of Leicester.

"Old and Modern Legal Functions," by W. Pierce, of Liverpool.

"A Criticism of the Decision of the Court of Appeal in *Re Stuart, Ex parte Cathcart*," by A. H. Hastie, of London.

"The Law of the Forest," by G. R. Dodd, of London.

"The Appreciation of Gold and its Probable Effect on Investments," by A. G. Ellis, of London.

The President may make any alterations which he may think convenient in the order in which the papers are to be read and discussed.

## LEGAL NEWS.

### OBITUARY.

The *Times* announces the death of Mr. JOHN WAINWRIGHT, in his eighty-ninth year. He had been one of the sworn clerks in the Six Clerks' Office of the Court of Chancery in succession to his uncle, and took an active part in promoting the Bill which abolished their office in 1842. On the abolition of the office of the six clerks Mr. Wainwright was offered, and accepted, the office of one of the taxing masters of the High Court of Chancery. This office he held for forty-five years, for the greater part of which time he was the senior master.

### APPOINTMENTS.

Lord BOWEN, Sir ALBERT ROLLET, M.P., and Mr. R. B. HALDANE, Q.C., M.P., have, at the request of the Home Secretary, consented to act as Commissioners to inquire into and report upon the recent disturbances and loss of life at Featherstone.

MR. GRANTHAM R. DODD, solicitor, 54, New Broad-street, London (Past Master of the Ancient Guild of Bakers), has been elected Master of the Bakers' Company.

MR. FRANCIS STURGE, solicitor, Bristol, has been appointed President of the Bristol Incorporated Law Society for the year ending October 1, 1894. Mr. Sturge was admitted in 1874.

### CHANGES IN PARTNERSHIPS.

#### DISSOLUTION.

JOHN WILLIAMS BELL and ROBERT SADLER FREAME, solicitors and conveyancers (Bell & Freame), Gillingham. April 15.

GEORGE WILLIAM HOWARD JANEWAY, HENRY JACKSON TORR, HENRY EDWARD GRIBBLE, CHARLES WALTER ODDIE, and NORMAN MACLEOD SINCLAIR, solicitors and parliamentary agents (Torr, Janeway, Gribble, Oddie, & Sinclair, or Torr & Co.), 38, Bedford-row, London, and 19, Parliament-street, Westminster. The said George William Howard Janeway retires from the business. The said business will in future be carried on by the other partners at the above-mentioned places, under the style or firm of Torr, Gribble, Oddie, & Sinclair. September 1.

[*Gazette*, Sept. 29.]

### GENERAL.

It is stated that Sir Edward Clarke, Q.C., M.P., left England on Wednesday for Germany, and will be absent about a fortnight.

The charges of fraudulent trusteeship preferred by the Treasury against James Barber Edwards, surviving partner of the bankrupt firm of Mercer & Edwards, solicitors, Deal, were further investigated at Deal on Tuesday. The accused was committed for trial at Kent Assizes upon all the charges, bail being allowed in defendant's own recognizances of £1,000 and two sureties of £500 each.

We learn from the *Madras Law Times* that a somewhat embarrassing question recently arose before the Calcutta magistrates. The municipality charged an undertaker with keeping three horses and three carriages without obtaining a licence. With regard to the horses the prosecution carried their case: but as to the carriages, it was contended on behalf of the defendants that they were carriages, and therefore not carriages within the meaning of the Municipal Act—that is, "any wheeled vehicle with springs used for the conveyance of human beings." The magistrates held that the vehicles referred to were not carriages within the meaning of the Act; on the ground, we presume, that they were used for the conveyance of human bodies, but not of human "beings."

The *Times* says that the Middlesex County Council and Court of Quarter Sessions have now taken possession of the new offices which have been erected on the site of the old Middlesex Sessions-house in the Broad Sanctuary, Westminster. The new buildings, which have been erected from the plans of Mr. Pownall, the county surveyor, by Messrs. Higgs & Hill at a cost of nearly £20,000, are built of red brick with stone facings, and consist of a basement (in which there are sixteen cells for male and three for female prisoners), witnesses' waiting-rooms, housekeeper's kitchen, and other rooms, together with a beer and wine cellar, and seven rooms for records. On the ground floor are two courts, private rooms for the chairman and vice-chairman, juries' waiting-rooms, and offices for the clerks and accountant's staff, cloak, robing, and luncheon rooms for counsel and magistrates. On the first floor are consulting and waiting rooms for juries.

"A City Solicitor" writes to the *Times* as follows:—"As the Official Receiver is constantly pointing out the improved advantages of the present system of administration of insolvent estates, perhaps you will permit me through your columns to call the attention of the public to one more case of the excessive expense and delay under the present officialism. It was a case in which I was, unfortunately, a creditor, and had no other concern. The estate was wound up by the Official Receiver acting as trustee under a receiving order made September, 1891. The assets amounted to £3,230, of which £1,770 were for stock-in-trade, machinery, &c., readily sold by auction, and £1,175 book debts, easily collected, and £152 furniture, sold privately in one lot. There were no dividends to secured creditors, and only £20 paid to preferential creditors. £2,758 was paid to unsecured creditors. The law costs, including the costs of the petition, only came to £16 4s. But the Board of Trade took £254 for fees and £25 commission for collection of book debts, in addition to £101 for auctioneers' and surveyors' charges. It took the receiver a year and a half to wind up this estate. It is quite clear that over £200 might have been saved if this estate had not gone into the hands of the Board of Trade."

A correspondent of the *Times*, writing on the subject of Land Transfer, says:—"The letter you publish to-day from the Chief Clerk of the Land Registry supplies the strongest possible argument, to my mind, against compulsory registration as affecting temporary mortgages. Under the existing system temporary loans are raised with the greatest facility. One of my clients for many years was in the habit of depositing the deeds of his property in Essex with his bankers to meet his temporary requirements. The bankers originally satisfied themselves as to the value of the property, and whenever the deeds were in their possession granted him an overdraft

of an agreed amount. This transaction involved no delay, and was carried out at the cost of the stamp on the form of equitable deposit, and the loan or overdraft so granted was in most instances repaid within a few days. How would such a transaction be possible if the deposit of either the deeds or the certificate of registration gave no lien on the property and the transaction to be complete must be accompanied with formal documents registered at the Land Transfer Office? In effect the customer of the bank would be deprived of the facility of obtaining loans from his bankers when the demands of the day required it. I need hardly refer to the experience of every solicitor as to the temporary loans which clients find it convenient to raise from time to time on the deeds which they leave in their solicitors' safes."

## BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.

### BIRTHS.

BONAR.—Sept. 28, at 15, Strathearn-place, Edinburgh, the wife of Horatius Bonar, Writer to the Signet, of a son.

MARTIN.—Sept. 26, at Fairlight, Upper Norwood, the wife of Herbert J. Martin, solicitor, of a daughter.

PRIESTLEY.—Oct. 2, at Glenthorne, Bromley, Kent, the wife of J. C. Priestley, barrister-at-law, of a son.

### MARRIAGES.

FLUX—WOOD.—Sept. 26, at St. Saviour's, Paddington, William Flux, of 39, Warrington-crescent, to Ellen, widow of Sidney Wood, of West Hampstead.

HUGHES—WILLIAMS.—Sept. 26, at St. George's, Bickley, Kent, Edward Arthur Hughes, solicitor, of 1, Clement's-inn, to Mary Alicia Sarah, only daughter of the late Edward Williams, M.D., of Wrexham.

JENKINS—SOUTHEY.—Sept. 28, at St. Leonard's Parish Church, Streatham, Thomas Lowten Jenkins, of Her Majesty's Indian Civil Service, and barrister-at-law, Inner Temple, to Bertha Wilson Southey, youngest daughter of the late Captain Herbert Southey, R.N.

ORE—THOMPSON.—Sept. 7, at Monkstown Church, co. Dublin, J. W. Orr, M.A., barrister-at-law, of Bombay, to Ella, youngest daughter of the late George Frederick Thompson.

OWEN—LINES.—Sept. 21, at St. Matthew's Church, Oakley-square, N.W., John Villiam Owen, solicitor, 45, Bedford-road, W.C., to Annie Ellen, eldest daughter of Richard Lines, High-street, Marylebone.

TREMELLEN—HARGREAVES.—Sept. 21, at St. Wilfred's, Hayward's Heath, Sussex, Edgar Herbert Tremellen, of 196, Portadown-road, Maida-vale, W., and 33, Chancery-lane, W.C., solicitor, to Marian Elizabeth Hargreaves, of Hayward's Heath.

### DEATHS.

MAIDLAW.—Sept. 26, at 1, Cleveland-terrace, Hyde-park, John M. Maidlow, late Fellow of Queen's College, Oxford, and of Lincoln's-inn, barrister-at-law, aged 51.

SPARKS.—Sept. 30, quite suddenly, of apoplexy, W. Blencowe Sparks, of Misterton, Somerset, solicitor, aged 51.

STAMMERERS of all ages, and parents of stammering children should read a book written by a gentleman who cured himself after suffering nearly forty years. Post-free for thirteen stamps from Mr. B. BEASLEY, Brampton-park, Huntingdon, or "Sherwood," Willesden-lane, Brondesbury, London.

WARNING TO INTENDING HOUSE PURCHASERS & LESSEES.—Before purchasing or renting a house have the Sanitary arrangements thoroughly examined by an expert from The Sanitary Engineering & Ventilation Co., 65, next the Meteorological Office, Victoria-st., Westminster (see page 25), who also undertake the Ventilation of Offices, &c. —[ADVT.]

## WINDING UP NOTICES.

*London Gazette*.—FRIDAY, Sept. 29.

### JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

#### LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

D'OTY & CO., LIMITED.—Petition for winding up, presented Sept 14, directed to be heard on Wednesday, Oct 4. Rubinstein, Regent st., Waterloo place, solicitor for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the abovenamed not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct 3.

MOSLEY WIGRAM & SONS, LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Nov 13, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Charles Hampden Wigram and Robert Wigram, 7, Leadenhall st., Waltons & Co., Leadenhall st., solicitors for liquidators.

MUMFREY & SONS, LIMITED.—By an order made by Kennedy, J., dated Sept 20, it was ordered that the voluntary winding up of the company be continued. Hogan & Hughes, Martin's lane, Cannon st., solicitors for petitioner.

PATELEY BRIDGE PUBLIC COCOA HOUSE CO., LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Oct 19, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Wm. Oddie, Pateley Bridge.

#### UNLIMITED IN CHANCERY.

ROBINSON, SMITH, RILEY, & CO.—Creditors are required, on or before Oct 27, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Christopher Marshall Riley, John Shepherd, Joseph Robinson, Christopher Shackleton, and Matthew Pinder, Guiseley. Newstead & Co., Otley, solicitors for liquidators.

#### FRIENDLY SOCIETIES.

##### SUSPENDED FOR THREE MONTHS.

COURT ROSE OF ENGLAND, Foresters' Friendly Society, St Peter's Schools, Chapel st., Congleton, Chester. Sept. 27.

SECOND POOR MAN'S CLUB AND FRIENDLY SOCIETY, Schoolroom, Wing, Leighton Buzzard, Bucks. Sept 26.

*London Gazette*.—TUESDAY, Oct. 3.

### JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.

#### LIMITED IN CHANCERY.

ANTICUTA SYNDICATE CO., LIMITED.—Petition for winding up, presented Sept 20, directed to be heard on Oct 11. Piesse & Son, Old Jewry chamber, solicitors for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the abovenamed not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct 10.

CARRINGTON STREET (NOTTINGHAM) LACE DRESSING AND DYEING CO., LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Oct 15, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Samuel Patrick Derbyshire, Swann's bridge, Wheeler gate, Nottingham.

GENERAL CREDIT CO., LIMITED.—Petition for winding up, presented Oct 2, directed to be heard on Oct 25. Raphael, Moorgate st., solicitor for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the abovenamed not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct 24.

GENERAL CREDIT CO., LIMITED.—Petition for winding up, presented Sept 25, directed to be heard on Oct 25. Child & Son, Guildhall chamber, Basinghall st., solicitors for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the abovenamed not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct 24.

HEMLEY PUBLISHING CO., LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Nov 6, to send

their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to John Henry Jenks, 43, New Broad st., Savage, Ludgate hill, solicitor for liquidator.

HORROCKS, LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Oct 28, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Benjamin Newstead, 3, Church passage, Guildhall.

JAMES VAILLANTINE & CO., LIMITED.—Petition for winding up, presented Sept 29, directed to be heard before Kennedy, J., on Wednesday, Oct 11. Bowditches & Co., Bedford row, agents for Rees-Mogg & Davy, Bristol, solicitors for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the abovenamed not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct 5.

LAWRENCE THOMAS & CO., LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Nov 16, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to A. N. Frower and G. W. Baker, 34, Nicholas lane. Harwood & Stephenson, Lombard st., solicitors for liquidators.

MARTIN, WALLS & CO., LIMITED.—Petition for winding up, presented Sept 29, directed to be heard before Kennedy, J., on Wednesday, Oct 11. Bowditches & Co., Bedford row, agents for Rees-Mogg & Davy, Bristol, solicitors for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the abovenamed not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct 5.

MUMFREY & SONS, LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Nov 9, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Archibald Haas.

MUMFREY, 258, Holloway rd.—Petition for winding up, presented Nov 30, directed to be heard before Alfred Neville Frewer, 34, Nicholas lane. Lattey & Hart, Devonshire sq., solicitors for liquidators.

NORFOLK COUNTY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Nov 18, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to William Hitchcock and George Howard Anderson, King st., King's Lynn.

OLYMPIC MUSIC HALL, LIMITED.—Petition for winding up, presented Oct 2, directed to be heard on Oct 11. Hindson-Miller & Vernon, Coleman st., solicitors for petitioner. Notice of appearing must reach the abovenamed not later than 6 o'clock in the afternoon of Oct 10.

WATFORD AND WEST HERTS INDUSTRIAL AND CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LIMITED.—Creditors are required, on or before Oct 31, to send their names and addresses, and the particulars of their debts or claims, to Charles Henry Halsey, 52, High st., Watford.

## FRIENDLY SOCIETIES DISSOLVED.

ENYSHAM SEVEN YEARS BENEFIT SOCIETY, New Inn, Eynsham, Oxford. Sept 30

FIRST FRIENDLY SOCIETY, Bull Hotel, Welshpool, Montgomery. Sept 28

SANCTUARY PROTECTION, Ancient Order of Shepherds, Blenheim Arms, Ramillies st., Oxford. Sept 30

STOCKTON MUTUAL TEMPERANCE BENEFIT SOCIETY, Vestry of the United Methodist Free Church, Regent st., Stockton on Tees, Durham. Sept 30

## CREDITORS' NOTICES.

### UNDER 22 & 23 VICT. CAP. 35.

#### LAST DAY OF CLAIM.

*London Gazette*.—FRIDAY, Sept. 22.

AYLES, MARIA, Ringwood, co Southampton. Nov 8 Davy, Ringwood.

BLACK, HENRY, Small Heath, Birmingham, Farmer Oct 31 Tyler & Hobson, Birmingham.

BURKINSHAW, DAVID, Bolton, Blacksmith Forthwith Ritson, Bolton.

BURTON, CAROLINE ANNA, Southampton Nov 4 Hickman & Son, Southampton.

CONE, FREDERICK JOHN HOOKER, Liv. spoor, Ship's Steward Oct 19 Bowring & Son, Leeds.

DICKINSON, JOHN, Poyle Oct 14 Durant, Windsor.

EDMONDSON, JOHN, Bolton le Sands, Lancs, Foreman Platelayer Dec 15 Whitaker, Duxbury of Lancaster Office, Lancaster pl.

FINDLATER, HANNAH, Redland, Bristol Oct 18 Jacques & Sons, Bristol.

GARRAD, HORATIO JAMES, Grays, Essex, Butcher Nov 1 Hunt & Co, St Swithin's lane, and Grays and Romford.

GADWELL, HENRY WILLIAM, formerly of Gracechurch st., Printer Nov 30 Howes, Abchurch yard.

GORDON, FELICITE HELEN COLEBROOKE, Stone, Staffs Nov 1 Fooks & Co, Carey street, Lincoln's inn.

HABICHT, CONRAD, London st., Fitzroy sq., Licensed Victualler Oct 21 Keighley & Co, Lincoln's inn fields.

HILL, JOHN, Mincing lane, Solicitor Oct 24 Goddard, Old Serjeants' inn.

HODGES, JOHN, Woolhope, co Hereford, Gent Nov 9 Humphreys, Hereford.

HOLL, HARRIET, Llamanpley, Mon Oct 14 Jones, Abergavenny.

ISRAEL, ABRAHAM, Bristol, Furniture Dealer Dec 1 Spofforth, Bristol.

JAMES, HENRY, Lavender hill, Clapham, Licensed Victualler Nov 1 Guascoote & Co, Essex st., Strand.

JAMES, WILLIAM LAMPREY, Alphington, Exeter Nov 1 Guascoote & Co, Essex st., Strand.

JOWITT, MARY, Sedgley, Chelmsford, Bath Oct 21 Upton & Co, Austinfriars.

KAYE, RALPH, Aughton, Lancs, Yeoman Oct 20 Bradley & Son, Liverpool.

LIDDON, JOHN, Arterbury rd, Wimbledon, Esq, Barrister at Law Oct 23 Few & Co, Surrey st., Strand.

LION, MAXIMILIAN, Berlin, Germany, Merchant Oct 19 Rehder, Mincing lane.

MARCUS, JAMES, Gower st. Nov 1 Rose-Innes & Co, Billiter sq, bldgs.

MARKHAM, LUCY HANNAH, Heigham, Norwich Oct 25 Blyth, Norwich.

MARRIOTT, EMMA, Boulevard Hausmann, Paris Oct 20 Sewell & Maughan, Paris.

MCLACHLAN, JOHN, Braintree, Essex, Draper Nov 22 Cunningham & Co, Braintree.

MOODY, JAMES, Southsea, retired Provision Merchant Nov 6 Way & Son, Portsea.

NOBBS, WILLIAM, Bousfield rd, Lewisham, Boot Manufacturer Oct 25 Howard & Sheldene, Tower chamber, Moorgate.

PAWSEY, JOSEPH, Haughley, Suffolk, Farmer Oct 31 Ashton, Bury st Edmunds.

POTTS, HENRY JOHN, Llanferres, co Denbigh, Esq. Oct 23 Potts & Co, Chester.

RHODES, HANNAH, Pembridge gdns, Bayswater Oct 21 Stamford & Metcalfe, Bradford.

ROBINSON, EDWARD, Croydon, Surrey, Gent Oct 16 Cooper, Croydon.

SAWYER, MARIA, Broomhouse rd, Fulham Oct 31 Haines, Serjeant's inn.

SCADUMAR, ELIZA PHILADELPHIA, Canterbury Oct 25 Payne & Lattey, Leadenhall st.

STORES, CHARLES JOHN, Derby, Gent Nov 30 Moody & Woolley, Derby.

TAYLOR, ALMA FANNY, Woole, nr Newcastle under Lyme Nov 1 Hellard & Son, Portsmouth.

TREMAIN, EDWARD, Orpington, Kent Nov 1 May & Co, Adelaide pl, London Bridge.

WEBB, JAMES, Chalford, Glos, Coal Merchant Nov 1 Croome & Co, Stroud.

WEBB, SARAH, Chalford, Glos Nov 1 Croome & Co, Stroud.

WINTER, WILLIAM, Hewett, Suffolk, Farmer Nov 1 A E Edgar, Rougham, Bury st Edmunds.

## BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

London Gazette.—FRIDAY, Sept. 20.

## RECEIVING ORDERS.

ANTHONY, WILLIAM, Plymouth, Commercial Traveller East Stonehouse Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

BAMBER, MARK, Blackburn, Joiner Blackburn Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

BROADBENT, JOHN WILLIAM, Liverpool, Engineer Liverpool Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

CLIFFE, ALFRED, Barnstaple, Mechanic Barnstaple Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

CRAWSHAY, FRANCIS RICHARD, late of Cardiff, Colliery Proprietor Cardiff Pet Sept 23 Ord Sept 23

DAVIES, ROBERT, Pant Illmawr, Llanrwst, Denbighshire, Farmer Portmadoe and Blaenau Ffestiniog Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

DE GROAT, WILLIAM, late Bath st, Victualler High Court Pet Aug 11 Ord Sept 25

FEVREN, GEORGE, Pontycymmer, Glam, Boot Dealer Cardiff Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

FISHER, JAMES HENRY, and BENJAMIN ROBERT ORVIS, Ipswich, Boot Manufacturers Ipswich Pet Sept 13 Ord Sept 22

GOM, HENRY, Pilton, Barnstaple, Dairyman Barnstaple Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

GOWER, JAMES, Folkestone, Lodging house Keeper Canterbury Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

HAYDEN, HENRY RICKETTS, Chorlton on Medlock, Manchester, Cab Proprietor Manchester Pet Aug 5 Ord Sept 26

HOLDEN, TOM, Burnley, Butcher Burnley Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

HOLLAND, EDWARD, Manchester, Flour Dealer Manchester Pet Sept 9 Ord Sept 25

HULL, THOMAS, and HIRAM RUSSELL, St Albans, Painters St Albans Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

JONES, EUBLE CLARKE, Penkney, Ruabon, Denbighshire, Grocer Wrexham Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

KING, JOHN, King's Norton, Wors, Brickmaker Birmingham Pet Sept 8 Ord Sept 27

KNAPP-HANDE, WILLIAM, Dartford, Kent, Tinplate Worker Rochester Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

LLOYD, THOMAS, Cockett, Swansea, Quarryman Oct 9 at 13 Off Rec. 31, Alexandra rd, Swansea

LOCKLEY, JOHN, Cheltenham, Grocer Oct 10 at 4 County Court bldg, Cheltenham

LORD, KATHERINE, Portishead rd, Paddington, Schoolmistress Oct 6 at 1 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st

LOWE, IONATH, Newcastle on Tyne, House Furnisher Oct 8 at 11 Off Rec. Pink lane, Newcastle on Tyne

MORGAN, JOHN, Swansea, Commission Agent Oct 7 at 12 Off Rec. 31, Alexandra rd, Swansea

PALMER, RICHARD ELLIOTT, Newdigate, Surrey, late Wine Merchant Nov 7 at 11.30 24, Railway approach, London Bridge

PANGETTER, EDWIN, Coventry, Coal Dealer Oct 12 at 12 Off Rec. 17, Hertford st, Coventry

PARKIN, MAURICE HENRY, Bristol, formerly Grocer Oct 6 at 12 Off Rec. 31, Alexandra rd, Swansea

PENLEY, CLAUDE ASHLEY ANSON, Barron's Court rd, West Kensington, Solicitor Oct 9 at 12 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st

PITCHFORTH, HERBERT LYNCH, Ulverston, Lancs, Tobacconist Oct 6 at 11.30 16, Corwallis st, Barrow in Furness

PRICHARD, MAURICE ST BARBE, Chiswell st, Australian Merchant Oct 9 at 11 Bankruptcy bldg, Carey st

ROGGERSON, WILLIAM, Northwich, Cheshire, Grocer Oct 6 at 10.45 Royal Hotel, Crewe

RUXTON, FREDERICK SAMUEL, Awn Junction, Glos, Railway Station Inspector Oct 7 at 2.30 Off Rec. 15, King st, Gloucester

TANNER, ERNEST JAMES, Torquay, Book Keeper Oct 19 at 10.30 Off Rec. 18, Bedford circus, Exeter

TILSON, THOMAS, Sunderland, Clerk in Holy Orders Oct 8 at 2.30 Off Rec. 25, John st, Sunderland

TUNER, WILLIAM, Rotherham, Public-house Manager Oct 10 at 3 Off Rec. Fifties lane, Sheffield

WELCH, HENRY CUMMING, Penryn, Cornwall, Ironmonger Oct 6 at 11.30 Off Rec. Boscombe st, Truro

WEST, JOHN, and FREDERICK WILLIAM WEST, Gt Somerford, Wilt, Timber Merchants Oct 11 at 12 Angel Hotel, Chippenham

WILCOXON, JOHN, Sheffield, out of business Oct 10 at 2.30 Off Rec. Fifties lane, Sheffield

WILKINSON, JOSEPH, Chorlton on Medlock, Manchester, Saddler Oct 6 at 3 Ogden's chmrs, Bridge st, Manchester

ADJUDICATIONS.

ANTHONY, WILLIAM, Plymouth, Commercial Traveller East Stonehouse Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

BAMBER, MARK, Blackburn, Joiner Blackburn Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

BLAUELER, HENRY WILLIAM, Hastings, Gent Hastings Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 25

BURNESS, JOHN ALFRED, Leicester, Beerhouse Keeper Leicester Pet Sept 2 Ord Sept 25

CAVE, GLADWIN CLOVES, Hart st, Bloomsbury, no occupation High Court Pet Mar 8 Ord Sept 25

CLIFFE, ALFRED, Barnstaple, Mechanic Barnstaple Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

CRAWSHAY, FRANCIS RICHARD, late of Cardiff, Colliery Proprietor Cardiff Pet Sept 22 Ord Sept 22

CHOW, JAMES (Major), Kilcana, Llanigon, Denbighshire, Civil Engineer Wrexham Pet Aug 8 Ord Sept 27

DAVIES, ROBERT, Pant Illmawr, Llanrwst, Denbighshire, Farmer Portmadoe and Blaenau Ffestiniog Pet Sept 20 Ord Sept 25

DAWSON, THOMAS MOORE, Newcastle on Tyne, Auctioneer Newcastle on Tyne Pet Sept 1 Ord Sept 25

DRAKE, ROBERT LEWIS, Leicester, Furniture Dealer Manchester Pet Sept 14 Ord Sept 22

FEVREN, GEORGE, Pontycymmer, Glam, Boot Dealer Cardiff Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

GOSSE, HENRY, Pilton, Barnstaple, Dairyman Barnstaple Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

GOWER, JAMES, Folkestone, Lodging-house Keeper Canterbury Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

HARRY, HENRY JOHN, Newton-le-Willows, Lancs, Mantle Maker High Court Pet Sept 19 Ord Sept 25

HOLDEN, TOM, Burnley, Butcher Burnley Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 27

HODGKINSON, FRANK, Columbia, Hendon, no occupation Barnet Pet Aug 3 Ord Sept 23

HOLLAND, EDWARD, Manchester, Flour Dealer Manchester Pet Sept 9 Ord Sept 25

HULL, THOMAS, and HIRAM RUSSELL, St Albans, Painters St Albans Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

HUTCHINGS, JOHN JAMES, Chichester, Livery stable Keeper Brighton Pet Aug 20 Ord Sept 27

JONES, EUBLE CLARKE, Penkney, Ruabon, Denbighshire, Grocer Wrexham Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

KNAPP-HANDE, WILLIAM, Dartford, Kent, Tinplate Worker Rochester Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

LEWIS, ELIZA, Lee Mansions, Warwickshire, Butcher Birmingham Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

LODGE, KATHERINE, Portishead rd, Paddington, Schoolmistress High Court Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 27

MATTHIAS, WILLIAM, Newport, Mon, Outfitter Newport, Mon Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

PATT, WILLIAM, High Bickington, Devon, Farmer Barnstaple Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

RANSOM, RICHARD THOMAS, Long lane, Bermondsey, Licensed Victualler High Court Pet Aug 31 Ord Sept 23

RASCHES, HERMANN, jun, Bishopsgate st Within High Court Pet Aug 18 Ord Sept 27

RATHBONE, JOHN, Exhall, Warwickshire, Licensed Victualler Coventry Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 27

REE, THOMAS, Caenawr, Morriston, nr Swansea, Haulier Swansea Pet Sept 22 Ord Sept 22

REE, WILLIAM BERTIE SKENE, Haverfordwest, Grocer Pembroke Dock Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 27

RICKARD, SIMON LAUREN, Bristol, Tailor Bristol Pet Sept 14 Ord Sept 25

RIPLEY, WILLIAM, Leeds, Grocer Leeds Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

STARK, ANTHONY, Darlington, Painter Stockton on Tees and Middlesborough Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

STONE, HENRY CHARLES, Cowfold, Sussex, Farmer Brighton Pet Aug 10 Ord Sept 27

TANNER, ERNEST JAMES, Torquay, Book keeper Exeter Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

WATERS, JOHN HENRY, Plymouth, Waiter East Stonehouse Pet Sept 15 Ord Sept 15

WATERS, THYFNEA, Plymouth, Lodging house Keeper East Stonehouse Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

WELCH, HENRY CUMMING, Penryn, Cornwall, Ironmonger Truro Pet Sept 14 Ord Sept 25

WEST, FREDERICK WILLIAM, Great Somerford, Wilt, Timber Merchant Swindon Pet Sept 16 Ord Sept 25

WILCOX, THOMAS, Preston, Joiner Preston Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

WILLIAMS, RICHARD, Cheltenham, Plumber Cheltenham Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

WINDSOR, HERBERT BOLTON, Stock Exchange High Court Pet Aug 18 Ord Sept 25

WOODS, JOHN, Drury lane, Window Glass Merchant High Court Pet Sept 25 Ord Sept 25

YEATES, S. S., Southsea, Milliner Portsmouth Pet Sept 12 Ord Sept 23

The following amended notice is substituted for that published in the London Gazette of 22 Sept.:-

ROBERTO, WILLIAM ALFRED, Oswestry, Salop, Jeweller Wrexham Pet Aug 23 Ord Sept 19

London Gazette—TUESDAY, Oct. 3.

## RECEIVING ORDERS.

ALEXANDER, THOMAS, Dethling, and Thurnham, Kent, Farmer Maidstone Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

ALMOND, HENRY, Blackburn, Cotton Spinner Blackburn Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30

ANDREWS, WILLIAM, Nottingham, Electrician Nottingham Pet July 4 Ord Sept 29

BENNETT, WALTER, Bredon, Wors, Market Gardener Cheltenham Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

BETT, WILLIAM, Alvingsham, Lincs, Miller Gt Grimby Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30

BIRCH, JOSEPH EDWARD, and ALFRED ASHTON, Higher Openshaw, Lancs, Builders Manchester Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 26

BOOTH, TOM, Gordon, Manchester, Grocer Manchester Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28

BRADFORD, THOMAS, Gt Linford, Bucks, Farmer Northampton Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30

BRANST, DAVID, Newport, Mon, Commission Agent Newport, Mon Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

BROWN, WILLIAM HENRY, Chipping Norton, Oxon, Draper Oxford Pet Sept 6 Ord Sept 27

CANTER, FREDERICK JOSEPH, Birmingham, Jeweller's Fitter Birmingham Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30

COOK, JOHN, Warrington, Innkeeper Warrington Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

COOPER, WILLIAM, Wandsworth, Surrey, late Commission Agent Wandsworth Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

CHARTER, HENRY, St Anne's on the Sea, Lancs, Cotton Weavers, Millers Preston Pet Sept 5 Ord Sept 25

DAVY, JOHN, Priory Lane, Nantymoel, Glam, Builder Cardiff Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

DOSE, JOSEPH, Northwood, I. W., Farmer Newport and Ryde Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

DYSTER, WILLIAM, Alderminster, Umbrella Manufacturer High Court Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

ECKLEY, DAVID, Fettle, Glam, Blacksmith Pentypridd Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28

FERNEY, MORETON, Worcester, Canvasser Worcester Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28

GARNELL, HARRY RUDI, Grimston, Norfolk, Farmer King's Lynn Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27

GAY, THOMAS, Bristol, Tailor Bristol Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

GOODWIN, THOMAS WILLIAM WOODLEY, Tiverton, Devon, Wine Merchant Exeter Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28

GURE, EDWARD, and JOHN GURE, Gt Bath st, Cleckheaton, Butchers High Court Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30

HANNAFORD, HARRY, Birmingham, Printer Birmingham Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28

HARDING, JAMES, St Albans, Dairyman St Albans Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30

HARRISON, GEORGE WILLIAM, Rhyd, Flint, Tobaccoist Bangor Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

HAYWARD, THOMAS, Northleach, Glos, Grocer Cheltenham Pet Sept 15 Ord Sept 27

HENRY, WILLIAM, Liverpool, Shoemaker Liverpool Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

HILL, WILLIAM, Worcester, Baker Worcester Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29

JENKINS, JOSHUA, Tonypandy, Glam, Insurance Agent Pontypandy Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27  
 KASTOR, BELIS, Broad st, Cheapeide, Warehouseman High Court Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 LANE, WILLIAM, Blackfriars rd, Teacher of Dancing High Court Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 LAWRENCE, JAMES, Bexley Heath, Kent, Grocer Rochester Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 LAWRENTH, THOMAS, Essex st, Strand, Architect High Court Pet Sept 1 Ord Sept 30  
 LONG, THOMAS GEORGE, Scholes, Hepworth, nr Huddersfield, Grocer Oct 11 at 3 Off Rec, 6, Queen st, Huddersfield  
 MARTIN, THOMAS HAIGH, Halifax, Milliner Oct 13 at 11.30 Off Rec, Townhall chmrs, Halifax  
 NEEDHAM, JOSEPH, Leicester, Coal Merchant Oct 11 at 12.30 Off Rec, 1, Berriedge st, Leicester  
 PARSLY, HENRY WALTER, Bristol, Hatter Oct 11 at 1 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st  
 PATT, WILLIAM, High Bickington, Devon, Farmer Oct 10 at 19 Sanders & Son, High st, Barnstaple  
 PORTER, WALTER, St George, Glos, Grocer Oct 11 at 2.30 Off Rec, Bank chmrs, Corn st, Bristol  
 RASCHEN, HERMANN, jun, Bishopsgate st Within Oct 12 at 2.30 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st  
 SMITH, WILLIAM KITSON THORNBURY, West Hartlepool, Tobacconist Oct 10 at 3 Off Rec, 25, John st, Sunderland  
 SPENCER, WILLIAM, Halifax, Cabinet Makr. Oct 13 at 11 Off Rec, Townhall chmrs, Halifax  
 TREVOR, JAMES HEBER Shrewsbury, Music Seller Oct 11 at 2 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st  
 VENABLES, FREDERICK, Berney, Herts, Auctioneer Oct 10 at 3 Off Rec, 95, Temple chmrs, Temple avenue  
 WALTER, HENRY, Store st, Livery Stable Keeper Oct 10 at 11 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st  
 WARD, THOMAS BERNARD, Liverpool, Provision Dealer Oct 16 at 2.30 Off Rec, 25, Victoria st, Liverpool  
 WATERS, JOHN HENRY, Plymouth, Waffer Oct 12 at 11.10, Athenaeum terrace, Plymouth  
 WATERS, TRYPHENA, Plymouth, Lodging house Keeper Oct 12 at 11.15, 10, Athenaeum terrace, Plymouth  
 WEBER, JAMES HENRY, Tiverton, Devon, Coal Merchant Oct 12 at 3 Off Rec, 13, Bedford circus, Exeter  
 WEST, CHARLES, Leicestershire, Clothier Oct 13 at 12.30 Off Rec, 1, Berriedge st, Leicestershire  
 WHITE, WILLIAM JAMES, Trowbridge, Wilts, Builder Oct 11 at 2 Off Rec, Bank chmrs, Corn st, Bristol  
 WINES, JOHN WILLIAM, Maroon st, Limehouse, Carman Oct 10 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st  
 YEATES, S S, Southsea, Milliner Oct 11 at 4 Off Rec, Cambridge Junction, High st, Portsmouth

## ADJUDICATIONS.

ALEXANDER, THOMAS, Detling and Thurnham, Kent, Farmer Maidstone Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 BENNETT, WALTER, Breton, Wors, Market Gardener Cheltenham Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 BETT, WILLIAM, Alvingsham, Lincs, Miller Gt Grimsby Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30  
 BOOTH, TOM, Gorton, Manchester, Grocer Manchester Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 BOOTH, WILLIAM STOREY, Derby, Coal Merchant Derby Pet Sept 19 Ord Sept 29  
 BRAFIELD, THOMAS, Gt Linford, Bucks, Farmer Northampton Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30  
 BRANSBY, DAVID, Newport, Mon, Commission Agent Newport, Mon Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 BRIGGS, WILLIAM HENRY, Chipping Norton, Oxon, Draper Oxford Pet Sept 6 Ord Sept 27  
 COOP, JOSEPH, Warrington, Innkeeper Warrington Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 CRABTREE, HENRY, St Anne's on the Sea, Lancs, Cotton Waste Merchant Preston Pet Aug 31 Ord Sept 29  
 DAVEY, JOHN, Prioryton, Nantymoel, Glam, Builder Cardiff Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 DAVIS, HORACE JAMES, Grandpont, Oxford, Fishmonger Pet Sept 11 Ord Sept 27  
 DEWSNAP, M, late of Brighton, Spinster Brighton Pet Aug 31 Ord Sept 29  
 DORE, JOSEPH, Northwood, I. W., Farmer Newport and Ryde Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 28  
 DURBRIDGE, GEORGE BENJAMIN, Gtford, Surrey, Solicitor Gtford Pet Sept 9 Ord Sept 30  
 EVANS, GEORGE, jun, Leicester, Leather Merchant Leicester Pet Aug 25 Ord Sept 27  
 FESSEY, MORETON, Worcester, Canvasser Worcester Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 28  
 GAMBLE, HARRY RIDD, Grimsby, Norfolk, Farmer King's Lynn Pet Sept 26 Ord Sept 27  
 GOODWIN, THOMAS WILLIAM WOODLEY, Teignmouth, Devon, Wine Merchant Exeter Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 HANFORD, HARRY, Birmingham, Printer Birmingham Pet Sept 15 Ord Sept 30  
 HARRISON, GEORGE WILLIAM, Rhyl, Flint, Tobacconist Bangor Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 HENRY, WILLIAM, Liverpool, Shoemaker Liverpool Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 HEYDEN, HENRY RICKETTS, Chorlton on Medlock, Manchester, Cab Proprietor Manchester Pet Aug 5 Ord Sept 29  
 HILL, WILLIAM, Worcester, Baker Worcester Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30  
 JENKINS, JOSHUA, Tonypandy, Glam, Insurance Agent Pontypandy Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27  
 LANE, WILLIAM, Blackfriars rd, Teacher of Dancing High Court Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 LAWRENCE, JAMES, Bexley Heath, Kent, Grocer Rochester Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 MODEN, HENRY, Cambridge, Brewer Cambridge Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 MORRIS, JOSEPH, late of Manchester, Tailor Manchester Pet Sept 30 Ord Sept 30  
 MORRIS, THOMAS, Bristol, Draper Bristol Pet Sept 9 Ord Sept 29

The following amended notice is substituted for that published in the London Gazette of Sept 12:—  
 DURBRIDGE, GEORGE BENJAMIN, Guildford, Surrey, Solicitor Guildford Pet Sept 3 Ord Sept 9

## FIRST MEETINGS.

ANTHONY, WILLIAM, Plymouth, Commercial Traveller Oct 12 at 12 10, Athenaeum ter, Plymouth  
 BATES, THOMAS, Hockley, Birmingham, Builder Oct 12 at 11 23, Colmore row, Birmingham  
 BIRCH, JOSEPH EDWARD, and ALFRED ASHTON, Higher Openshaw, Lancs, Builders Oct 10 at 3 Ogden's chmrs, Bridge st, Manchester  
 BOOTH, WILLIAM STONEY, Derby, Coal Merchant Oct 10 at 2.30 Off Rec, St. James's chmrs, Derby  
 CLARKER, ALLAN WISE, Usk, Mon, Physician Oct 11 at 12 Off Rec, Gloucester Bank chmrs, Newport, Mon  
 DAVIES, DAVID, New Tredegar, Mon, Grocer Oct 10 at 3 Off Rec, 65, High st, Merthyr Tydfil  
 DURBRIDGE, GEORGE BENJAMIN, Guildford, Surrey, Solicitor Oct 12 at 12.30 County and Borough Hall, Guildford  
 FAIRLIE, BURST, Lancaster pl, Strand, Journalist Oct 12 at 12 Bankruptcy bldgs, Carey st  
 FESSEY, MORETON, Worcester, Canvasser Oct 18 at 3.30 Off Rec, 45, Copenhagen st, Worcester  
 FISHER, JAMES HENRY, and ROBERT BENJAMIN ORVIS, Ipswich, Boot Manufacturers Oct 10 at 12.15, 36, Fries st, Ipswich  
 GOODWIN, THOMAS WILLIAM WOODLEY, Teignmouth, Devon, Wine Merchant Oct 12 at 3 Off Rec, 13, Bedford circus, Exeter  
 GOSS, HENRY, Pilton, Barnstaple, Dairymen Oct 10 at 11 Sanders & Son, High st, Barnstaple  
 GRAY, CHARLES, Puddletown, Dorset, Grocer Oct 11 at 12.30 Antelope Hotel, Dorchester  
 GREENWAY, ANTHONY, Frerethorne, nr Stonehouse, Glos, late Relieving Officer of Cheltenham Union Oct 10 at 5 County Court bldgs, Cheltenham  
 GREY, CLARENCE, Monkseaton, Northumberland, late Butter Merchant Oct 10 at 11 Off Rec, Pink lane, Newcastle on Tyne  
 HARRISON, GEORGE WILLIAM, Rhyl, Flint, Tobacconist Oct 12 at 2 Crypt chmrs, Chester  
 IBBOTSON, JAMES, Wakefield, Chemist Oct 10 at 12 Off Rec, Bond ter, Wakefield  
 JONES, EUBLE CLARKE, Ponkey, Ruabon, Denbighshire, Grocer Oct 12 at 2.30 Crypt chmrs, Chester  
 JONES, RICHARD POWELL, Tredegar, Mon, Greengrocer Oct 10 at 12 Off Rec, 65, High st, Merthyr Tydfil  
 KELIN, JULIUS, Croydon, Surrey, Civil Service Tutor Oct 10 at 11.30 24, Railway approach, London Bridge  
 KNIGHTS, GEORGE, Leeds, Innkeeper's Manager Oct 10 at 11 Off Rec, 22, Park row, Leeds  
 LAWRENCE, JAMES, Bexley Heath, Kent, Grocer Oct 16 at 11.30 Off Rec, Rochester  
 LEE, GROVER, Southsea, Optician Oct 11 at 3.30 Off Rec, Cambridge Junction, High st, Portsmouth

PETHYBRIDGE, FANNY, Dawlish, Devon, Spinster Exeter Pet Aug 29 Ord Sept 29  
 RUMMELL, HENRY AUGUSTUS, and GEORGE HENRY BUNN, Bristol, Veterinary Surgeon Bristol Pet Aug 29 Ord Sept 14 Ord Sept 30  
 SADD, HENRY EDWARD, Tollesbury D'Arcy, Essex, Baker Chelmsford Pet Sept 18 Ord Sept 26  
 SHAW, HARRY, Chorlton on Medlock, Manchester, Builder Manchester Pet Aug 31 Ord Sept 30  
 SHINWALD, LEVI, South Shields, late Grocer Leeds Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 SMITH, HENRY, and WILLIAM HENRY SMITH, Malt-n, Yorks, Timber Merchants Kingston upon Hull Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 SMITH, WILLIAM KITSON THORNBURY, West Hartlepool, Tobacconist Sunderland, Pet Sept 19 Ord Sept 28  
 SODEN, JOHN, Stanground, Hunts, Florist Peterborough Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 29  
 SOLOMON, VICTOR, Bedford pl, Bloombury, Boot Manufacturer High Court Pet Aug 3 Ord Sept 29  
 SPENCE, AMOS KIRKHAM, Spital, Lincs, Tailor Boston Pet Sept 7 Ord Sept 26  
 STRINGER, JOHN, Shiel, Staiths, Organ Builder Hull, Burslem, and Tunstall Pet Sept 5 Ord Sept 30  
 TAYLOR, BETSY, Thesle, Wedmore, Somerset, Widow Wells Pet July 29 Ord Sept 23  
 WAGHORN, GEORGE PAUL, and ALBERT EDWARD MACE, Holloway rd, Oil Merchants High Court Pet Sept 1 Ord Sept 29  
 WALTER, EDGAR, Banbury, Oxon, Wood Carver Banbury Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 WEST, CHARLES, Leicestershire, Clothier Leicester Pet Sept 29 Ord Sept 30  
 WESTON, WILLIAM ERNEST, Woolwich, Cowkeeper Greenwich Pet Sept 27 Ord Sept 27  
 WILD, ALFRED, Middlesborough, late Fruiterer Stockton on Tees Pet Sept 28 Ord Sept 28  
 WYATT, EDWIN GEORGE, Villa rd, Brixton, Architect High Court Pet Aug 26 Ord Sept 29

## ADJUDICATION ANNULLED.

PASMORE, JAMES HENRY, Tottenham Court rd, Cheshire High Court Adjud March 30 Annual Sept 30

*All letters intended for publication in the "Solicitors' Journal" must be authenticated by the name of the writer.*

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JOHN R. FREEMAN, Manager and Secretary.

## EDE AND SON,



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